

Seat No.	
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S.E. (Mechanical Engineering) (Semester - IV)

Examination, May - 2018

APPLIED NUMERICAL METHODS

Sub. Code : 63360

Day and Date : Friday, 04 - 05 - 2018

Total Marks : 100

Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

- Instructions :**
- 1) All questions are compulsory.
 - 2) Make suitable assumptions/data if required and state clearly.
 - 3) Draw neat sketches wherever necessary.
 - 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - 5) Use of calculator is allowed.

Q1) a) Explain the different types of errors in numerical computations. [4]

b) Solve any two : [2×6=12]

- i) Use bisection method to find the root correct to three decimal places of $f(x)=x^3-4x-8.95=0$.
- ii) Using Newton's iterative method, find the real root of $x \log_{10} x = 1.2$ correct to five decimal places.
- iii) Use Muller's method to find a root of the equation $x^3-3x-7=0$, which lies between 2 and 3.

Q2) Solve any two : [2×8=16]

a) Solve the following equations by Gauss-Jordon method

$$3x+4y+5z=18$$

$$2x-y+8z=13$$

$$5x-y+7z=20$$

b) Solve the system of equations using LU Decomposition.

$$3x+2y+7z=4$$

$$2x+3y+z=5$$

$$3x+4y+z=7$$

P.T.O.

- c) Solve the following equations by Gauss-Jacobi method.

$$15x+3y-2z=85$$

$$2x+10y+z=51$$

$$x-2y+8z=5$$

- Q3) a)** Fit a polynomial of the second degree for the following data : [6]

$$x: 0 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4$$

$$y: 1 \quad 0 \quad 3 \quad 10 \quad 21$$

Hence find y at $x=2.5$

- b) Derive the equation of the interpolating polynomial by Newton's divided difference table for the following data : [6]

$$x: 0 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 5$$

$$y: 3 \quad 2 \quad 7 \quad 24 \quad 59 \quad 118$$

- c) Calculate the mean and standard deviation for the following data: [6]

$$\text{Size of item: } 6 \quad 7 \quad 8 \quad 9 \quad 10 \quad 11 \quad 12$$

$$\text{Frequency: } 3 \quad 6 \quad 9 \quad 13 \quad 8 \quad 5 \quad 4$$

- Q4) Solve any two :** [2×8=16]

- a) A slider in a machine moves along a fixed straight rod. Its distance $x(m)$ along the rod are given in the table for various values of time (sec). Find the velocity and acceleration of slider at $t=0.3$ seconds.

$$t(\text{sec}): \quad 0 \quad 0.1 \quad 0.2 \quad 0.3 \quad 0.4 \quad 0.5 \quad 0.6$$

$$x(m): \quad 30.13 \quad 31.62 \quad 32.87 \quad 33.64 \quad 33.95 \quad 33.81 \quad 33.24$$

- b) Evaluate $\int_4^{5.2} \ln x dx$ using trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3rd rule $n=6$.

- c) Use Romberg's method to evaluate $\int_0^\pi \sin x dx$.

Q5) Solve any two :

- a) Compute $y(0.2)$ correct to four decimal places, for $\frac{dy}{dx} + y + xy^2 = 0$ with $y(0)=1$, take $h=0.1$. Use RungeKutta fourth order method.
- b) Given the boundary value problem $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 6x + 4$ $y(0)=2$, $y(1)=5$ obtain its solution in the range $0 \leq x \leq 1$ with $h=0.25$ using Finite Difference method.
- c) Solve the equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$. Given $y(0)=1$. Obtain the values of $y(0.1)$, $y(0.2)$ using Picard's method.

Q6) a) Classify the following partial differential equations :

[6]

i) $\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = \alpha^2 \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}$

ii) $xU_{xx} + yU_{yy} + 4y^2U_x = 0$

iii) $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = k \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$

b) Solve $U_{xx} + U_{yy} = 0$ in the square mesh of side 4 units satisfying the following conditions. [12]

i) $u(0,y) = 0$ for $0 \leq y \leq 4$

ii) $u(4,y) = 12+y$ for $0 \leq y \leq 4$

iii) $u(x,0) = 3x$ for $0 \leq x \leq 4$

iv) $u(x,4) = x^2$ for $0 \leq x \leq 4$

Perform two iterations

