

Seat No.	
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S.E. (Mechanical) (Part - II) (Semester - III)
(Revised) Examination, April -2018
METALLURGY
Sub. Code : 63353

Day and Date : Friday, 27 - 04 - 2018

Total Marks : 100

Time : 2.30 p.m to 5.30 p.m.

- Instructions :**
- 1) Solve any three questions from each section.
 - 2) Answer for both sections to be written in the same answer book.
 - 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - 4) Draw neat figures wherever necessary.

SECTION - I

Q1) Answer any three of the following. Each question carries equal marks. [18]

- a) What is Coring and Dendritic structure? Explain with neat sketches.
- b) Explain what cooling curves are. Draw different types of cooling curves and evaluate degree of freedom (DOF) of anyone using Gibbs phase rule.
- c) What are Hume Rothery rules for Substitutional Solid Solutions? Explain.
- d) Explain what are Eutectic, Eutectoid and Peritectic transformations?

Q2) a) Draw Fe-Fe₃C equilibrium diagram. Indicate all the phases, Temperatures and Compositions. [8]

b) Suggest suitable materials for any four of the following and justify the same. [8]

- i) Steel used in RCC
- ii) Gears
- iii) Machine tool Column
- iv) Tools used in
- v) Restaurant pots and pans
- vi) Bearing material

- Q3) a)** What are Malleable cast Irons? Explain the manufacturing process? Draw typical microstructure of Malleable and Gray cast iron and compare their properties. [7]
- b) Draw self explanatory sketches of any three. [9]
- Typical Microstructures of medium carbon steel and high carbon steels.
 - Microstructures of White and gray cast irons.
 - Microstructures of α & $\alpha + \beta$ brasses.
 - Sn-Sb equilibrium diagram.
 - Substitutional and Interstitial solid solutions.
 - Standard specimen for Charpy and Izod impact testing.

- Q4) Write short notes on any four.** [16]
- Water hardenables Tool steels.
 - Stainless steels.
 - Rockwell hardness testing.
 - Cast iron.
 - Ultra sonic Testing.

SECTION - II

- Q5) a)** Draw Flowchart for manufacturing of self lubricating bearings? Explain why oil impregnation is must in this process? [9]
- b) Draw TTT diagram for hypo eutectoid and hyper eutectoid steels and explain why mild steel cannot be hardened by quenching? [9]
- Q6) a)** Explain precipitation hardening in Al-Cu alloy w.r.t. composition, aging temperature and time, hardness variations. [8]
- b) Elaborate case hardening processes, which steels are carburized and what is the significance of case depth? How it is measured? [8]

Q7) Differentiate clearly between any four of the following.

- a) Hardening and softening processes.
- b) Compacting and sintering.
- c) Austempering and martempering.
- d) Flame and induction hardening.
- e) CCT and TTT diagram.

Q8) Write short notes on any four of the following.

[16]

- a) Oxidation and decarburization defects.
- b) Austenitic grain size.
- c) Austenite to Pearlite transformation.
- d) Different Powder manufacturing methods.
- e) Heat treatment furnaces.

